

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. XIII.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T., THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 1898.

No. 47

TANGLEFOOT,

75c a box :

FLY :: PADS,

10c a pkt. :

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PLANTS...

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Graduate of the University of Toronto, Ontario College
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Office, S.W.T. Office at house.

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The Leland Hotel,
QU'APPELLE STATION, Assa.

The most popular house in the west.
Modern conveniences. Home comforts.
First-class cuisine. Choice liquors and
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Transportation for passengers at Qu'Appelle.
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First-class accommodation for guests.
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and health. Convenient to railway.
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send three cents for
magazine of interesting
and useful recipes. Agents for Dr. Hovener
magazine, safe, sure and reliable. \$1 per
box and no return of price.

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MEETINGS

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, of South
Qu'Appelle meets the first Monday of
each month. The Secretary Treasurer will
be in attendance to attend to business every
Saturday, from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Applications
for Transit Traders' Licenses, to
Book a Town Hall, and for Interments in
the cemetery must be made to J. A. LaFarge,
J. C. STARR, Sec. Treas.

Qu'Appelle Lodge, A.
F. & A. M., G. R. M.,
meets in the Masonic
Hall, Qu'Appelle St.,
on Tuesday, on or
before the moon. So-
briety a thirteen cor-
dons (paid).

J. C. STARR, Sec. Treas.

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Feed, Sale & Exchange
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First-class accommodation and
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Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
All Druggists refund the money if it fails to
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For table use
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Preserving.

Plums,
Peaches,
Pears,
Bananas, etc.

Everything you want.

Confectionery

Candies: Creams, Chocolates, Wintergreens,
Flavored Tapi-Fruit, Biscuits: Soda,
Raisin, Ginger, Plain, etc.

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Only the BEST of everything kept.

A. MCKENZIE, Bakery, Fruit and Confectionery Store.

S. H. Caswell & Co.

We carry the largest and best as-
sorted stock of General Merchandise
in the Northwest. Before pur-
chasing goods in any line, do not
fail to procure our prices, as we can
save you money.

S. H. CASWELL & CO.

General Merchants and Bankers.

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Qu'Appelle Valley Flour Mills,

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GRISTING—

Wheat, Shorts, Chop, Chopped
Feed.

FLOUR—

Huntarian Patent, Strong Bakers
Graham.

Chopper for grinding feed stuff. For supply always on hand at CREAMER & GRAY'S,
QU'APPELLE STATION.

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THE ONLY LICENSED HOUSE
AT FORT QU'APPELLE.

A full line of the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors, Ales, etc., is kept at the bar
for the convenience of the public and visitors.

Parties seeking HEALTH OR RECREATION and the QU'APPELLE LAKES
just the locality to meet their requirements, as well as a SPORTSMAN'S
PARADISE.

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and Hudson's Bay Company.

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A weekly paper devoted to local and general
news: published every Thursday
morning by

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"THE PROGRESS,"

Qu'Appelle Stn., N.W.T.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 8 1898.

LEGISLATURE'S POLITICS.

Is Mr. Haultain's government a
party government? This is an ap-
propriate question after the con-
flicting statements published the
past two or three weeks.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster's tour in the
Northwest was the cause which led
to this question arising. Mr. Haul-
tain spoke at several of Mr. Foster's
meetings and this was sufficient for
the Free Press to accuse the North-
west government of dividing along
the lines of Dominion politics,
which it assumed would be the line
that the approaching Territorial
elections would be fought out on.

We believe that Mr. Haultain
was always a Conservative in Do-
minion politics, but it is sufficient
to know that he is that now. And
because he is and says so, we do
not see that it follows that he will
demand of his ministers to pro-
nounce themselves Tories. If he
was to speak on the public platform
every night on the subjects of tariff
reform, National Policy, plebiscite
and a hundred and one other ques-
tions, what would it have to do
with the Branding system of the
Territories, the Municipal Ordinances
or any of the other questions
coming before the legislature?

It would be impossible at once
to change the Assembly on these
lines. It has always been impos-
sible for any new country to run
their elections or divide their mem-
bers on party lines with a body of
different interests, for example, a
province and the Dominion. The
questions which are of interest to
the Northwest have no connection
with those which concern the Do-
minion as a whole, and if the in-
habitants of this part of the country
want a particular law, for instance,
a municipal law, and the leader of
the local house came along and said,
"I am in favor of giving you this
law, but I am a Conservative in
Dominion politics," it would have
made no more difference than if he
had said "I am a Liberal." What
would we care, as long as we got
what we wanted. What difference
would it make what his opinion
might be in regard to Laurier or
Saskatchewan, or the Pope, or anyone
else? And so long as Mr. Haultain
is willing to do the very same
things for the Northwest, while he
speaks in favor of the Dominion op-
position, as he would do if he spoke
for the Government, we won't con-
sider that the Legislative Assembly
of the Northwest Territories is being
parted asunder along the lines of
Dominion politics.

The affairs of any lawful com-
munity would the government, and
not the government the community,
and so it will assuredly be here.
As years go on the government will
have a stronger opposition and the
feeling of partisanship will undoubt-
edly creep in. What name they give
to the two sections is little differ-
ence. Tory and Grit or Liberal and
Conservative will answer the pur-
pose just as well. These names
have designated the parties in
English politics for a long time
and will in all probability do so for
a long time to come.

The one thing essential for us to
remember in connection with the
question of party at the present
time, in the Northwest, is that
though Mr. Haultain agrees with
the Conservatives of the Dominion

in their affairs, he is not anxious,
nor even willing, that he should
speak of the legislation of his min-
istry here and the victories it
achieves by the name of Conservatism
or Liberalism, and his ministers
share his opinion and would also
staunchly resist naming their local
deeds after the opinions they adhere
to in regard to the Dominion.

We could all hope for the time
to come when there would not even
be a division in our government;
but though we might hope for it
we could never expect it. It
would mean that all the members
agreed on every question; that the
laws tended to the highest good of
the country; that ambition, jeal-
ousy and opposition gave place to
one common aim and one common
method. We cannot claim in this
sense that we stand aloof from
party. We have a faint—very
faint—opposition to the govern-
ment in the Territories, which is
party in its fundamental principle,
but we can boast for this young ad-
ministration honesty, freedom from
Dominion politics and Dominion
prejudice, and we hope many years
will pass away before the people of
the Northwest so far forget their
best interests that they will ex-
change them for a narrow line of
party politics and thus trample
upon the right and freedom which
the present administration have so
strongly adhered to in spite of
Federal affairs and newspaper black-
mailing.

SHALL WAR CEASE.

The nations of Europe, as well as
the people of every nation, were
surprised by the call of the Czar of
Russia. He calls upon all the
nations to join hands in bringing
about a reign of peace. He urges
them to meet at a general confer-
ence to discuss the questions sur-
rounding such a conference.

The reasons he urges for such a
movement is that, for twenty years,
the nations of the world have been
viewing international discussion as
the only humanitarian method of
settling national difficulties. The
nations recognize that war is a
curse and to prevent it they increase
their armaments till the country is
burdened down in supporting such
large forces. They have aimed at
the advancement of civilization but
have retarded it by the cost sur-
rounding the method. And then
this is a favorable time for the
work. It would be a happy pre-
lude for the century that is about to
open.

Such a message comes with
double force from such a source.
The strongest and most influential
nation in the world, with the pre-
sent Czar at its head, issuing such a
mandate, cannot help but have a
powerful influence whether or not
the proposals are ever carried out.

Every paper expresses its opinion
on the startling news. Some at-
tribute it to noble motives and
some to selfish ends. Some think
that Russia's recently increased
powers requires time to weld them
to herself and she has sought this
means of benefitting herself. But
a more popular, and likely a true
view, is that the Czar has only the
best motives in proposing such a
scheme.

It would be the dawn of the mil-
lennial age surely, if the sounds of
cannon should cease and swords be
used no more. The tread of mar-
tial forces would become a thing of
the past, and the work of the
glorious navies of the world be
done. We might even feel regret
that the days of chivalry were over,
that history would no more record
the valor of a Nelson, a Wellington
or a Wolfe; that the feats of fame
that have written in letters of gold
the history of England's glory
should write no more in the years
to come. But, viewing it in an-
other light, we feel like sounding
the bugle note to celebrate the
highest point of civilization the
world has yet seen: the most ad-
vanced state of freedom of any age,
and the beginning of a reign of
prosperity that is still unknown.

As yet we can only await the
result. England has expressed her
desire to join in furthering such a

plan, and no doubt the other nations
will do the same. How many
hundred side questions may creep
in, and how many difficulties will
be met remains to be seen. But
in the meantime we know that this
is a step that has never before been
taken and we can hope for the best
result to come from the assembling
of the nation conference.

More life and more interest in
the plebiscite vote just now would
be in order. With a vote that the
temperance people have wanted for
several decades about at hand, it
doesn't look consistent to appear
asleep. No doubt there are some
fully awake, working away with
might and main for the promotion
of the cause, but some are not
enough. It will require, at the
least, the whole temperance force
of the land to gain the ends the
temperance people seek. The man
who has been shouting prohibition
for the last ten or twenty years and
is asleep now, resting on his oars,
confident of victory, isn't a strength
to the party. The worst danger
surrounding the vote on the 29th
is that of over-confidence. There
is little, if any, doubt, but a large,
very large, majority of the votes
polled will be in favor of prohibi-
tion, but the fear is that so many
are sure of victory that they con-
sider their vote unimportant. If
the temperance people would only
hold out the danger signal and drive
the truth home and keep on till the
last vote is polled, it would be
better policy than arguing the
revenue and other questions which
the people of Canada have been
considering all their lives and
have finally settled long ago. It
is doubtful if one vote could be
changed by a day's argument, but
we believe that it will not take
long to turn a vote if we can con-
vince a man that his vote is an im-
portant and indispensable factor in
the race for prohibition.

Those interested in the band are
longing for the organization to be
successful, and THE PROGRESS hopes
that such may be the case. We
have a good town; there are plenty
of musicians here; the instruments
ought to be produced, and a band-
master is ready to undertake the
work. What, then, is there that
should prevent the work going a-
head? A town of this size ought
to have a first-class band. If there
were no instruments, there is no
doubt the town would soon be
willing to supply them, as it has
already done. When we have
them, then we can surely muster
enough enthusiasm to do the rest.
If we can't, we will fall behind the
times, and Qu'Appelle is not wil-
ling to do that, just yet, anyway.

Mrs. Young left for home, in
Winnipeg, on Tuesday evening's
train.

Mr. Wm. Crawford, merchant, of
Indian Head, drove to Qu'Appelle
last Friday.

Mr. J. Grieve has a sunflower
plant with forty-five flowers on it.
Can any one beat that?

Mrs. Travis and children returned
to Elkhorst last Friday, after a
couple of weeks' visit with Mr.
Broley.

Mr. A. Turner, of Almont, Ont.,
has secured a position with Hol-
lingshead & Robinson, painters, of
this place and Indian Head.

The last selection of the evening
was "The Lovers and the Bird," and
in this the extraordinary talents of
Miss White were again displayed
in the imitation of the Bob-o-Link.
Miss White certainly scored a great
success.—Brantford Expositor.

Rev. T. McAfee, who was sta-
tioned as a missionary at Fort
Qu'Appelle last winter, occupied
the pulpit of St. Andrew's church,
Indian Head, last sabbath, and will
preach there again next Sunday.
Mr. McAfee has just completed
the last year of his theological
course in Winnipeg. He has been
asked by a unanimous petition
from the Fort to return there as an
ordained missionary. Mr. Mc-
Afee's answer will probably be
considered at the next meeting of
presbytery.

A FIGHT AT KERRERI.

THE BRITISH ARMY ADVANCING— DERVISHES RETREATING.

Cavalry Attack a Dervish Outpost and Backed by Gunboats Drive Them From Their Position.

London, Sept. 1.—Great Britain is beginning to be alarmed lest the fate of Hicks Pasha has befallen the Anglo-Egyptian army under the Sirdar, General Sir Herbert Kitchener. The last news received was telegraphed from the front on Monday night. The army was then twenty-three miles from Omdurman, the Dervish camp, near Khartoum, where the Khalifa was reported to be waiting with 10,000 warriors, well equipped with field guns. General Kitchener's force consisted of 10,000 British troops and 15,000 Egyptian black, the most perfectly equipped force the government has ever put into the field, having plenty of horse artillery and Maxim guns. It was planned to keep constant communication with the army by field telegraph, hence the fears that in spite of the superiority of morale and equipment, the Anglo-Egyptian force may have been overwhelmed by numbers. The government officers officially announce the confidence of the outcome of engagements, but privately they do not conceal their nervousness at the lack of tidings from the front.

London, Sept. 1.—11 p. m.—The war office was relieved this evening by the receipt of a dispatch from Cairo explaining the sudden interruption of news from the Sudan, which gave rise to some uneasiness yesterday as to the movements of the Anglo-Egyptian column, now advancing toward Omdurman, under General Sir Herbert Kitchener. It appears that telegraphic communication was interrupted by the wire beyond Nasri Island, about midway between Metem and the sixth cataract of the Nile, having been damaged by a severe storm. Shortly after the arrival of this intelligence, came the following dispatch to the Associated Press from Nasri Island, dated Aug. 30, and forwarded by messenger from the camp at the front of Nasri.

"There have been glimpses of the enemy during the last few days, and the first skirmish took place today when an advance guard of cavalry located a large body of the dervishes at a supposed outpost near Kerreri, about eight miles north of Omdurman."

A CHURCH CARRIED OFF.

Poles at Buffalo demolished and carried off a church belonging to seeders. Buffalo, N.Y., Sept. 2.—A Polish Independent church on Playton street was demolished and carried away yesterday, and twenty-one Poles were arrested on the charge of petty larceny. The building, a wooden affair, 40 feet wide by 80 feet long and 14 feet high, was erected six months ago by seeders from Father Kaminski's independent church. Since its erection there has been continual trouble between the factions. Yesterday a big crowd attacked the edifice and had completely demolished it before the police arrived. Women were in the majority in the attacking force and fourteen of them were arrested.

Loyal Jamaica Negroes.

Kingston, J. A., Aug. 31.—The annexation movement has not progressed favorably, owing to the opposition of the colored element in the population and lack of support from the newspapers, consequently, Hon. Samuel Constantine Burke, Jamaica's member to the Barbados conference, who sailed today, is not authorized to propose annexation as an alternative to the joint demand of the West Indies for fair treatment. Possibly British Guiana, or Barbados may take the initiative, should the conference decide to adopt a decisive ultimatum attitude.

Life Savers Drowned.

Savanna, Ga., Sept. 1.—It is just reported that Lieut. Morgan, U.S. engineer corps, was drowned off Tybee, in the storm yesterday, with six regular soldiers. He went out in a yawl to rescue the sailors of an Italian bark. The yawl capsized and Morgan with his men were drowned.

Methodist Conference.

Toronto, Aug. 31.—The general conference of the Methodist church of Canada opens tomorrow morning in Toronto. The general superintendent, Rev. Dr. Carman, will preside and probably five hundred delegates will be in attendance. The conference will last two to three weeks. The morning session tomorrow will be largely devoted to organization. In the afternoon Dr. Carman will deliver his address. Many questions of vital importance to the Methodist church will come up for discussion and action. The general conference meets only quadrennially and many important matters have accumulated during the last four years.

The Meagher Outrage.

Ottawa, Sept. 1.—Affidavits have been received by the departments of justice substantiating the story of brutal treatment and illegal arrest of Thomas Meagher at Port Lambton, Ont., by Deputy U. S. Collector Avery. An effort will be made in the American courts at Detroit to invalidate the action of the official, but this will not affect the demand of the Canadian government for reparation.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Kingston, Aug. 31.—Edward Morris, aged 26, was drowned yesterday while crossing the St. Lawrence from Howe Island on a lumber scow. He leaves three children.

Montreal, Aug. 31.—The \$15,000 bonds of Outremont municipality which mysteriously disappeared here were picked up on the street by an old man and returned.

Montreal, Aug. 31.—James Redmond, alias Coleman, who is wanted in Kansas City, Mo., on a charge of murdering Miss Schumaker there in 1897, is supposed to be in Montreal.

London, Aug. 31.—Mrs. M. V. McLeod, herself an actress, has offered personally to deposit the \$8,000 necessary to secure the release on bail of Actor Emerson, who shot and killed Manager Tuttle here last winter.

Hamilton, Aug. 31.—Mrs. Gibson of Lockport, N.Y., charged with attempting to procure girls here to be taken across the line for immoral purposes, was found guilty at the police court today and sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 and to be imprisoned for nine months.

Amherstburg, Aug. 30.—Albert Fox living near here, has already harvested over three thousand fine tobacco plants.

Toronto, Aug. 30.—Entries for the bench show at the Industrial reached the large number of 736, and will bring together the finest collection of dogs ever seen in Canada.

London, Aug. 30.—The loss by the burning of the London General Electric company's power house early this morning is between \$20,000 and \$25,000. The building was fully insured.

Montreal, Aug. 30.—Fifteen thousand dollars worth of bonds of the town of Outremont, mysteriously disappeared yesterday afternoon. The mayor and secretary-treasurer received the bonds in a parcel at the head office of the Molson's bank and then crossed to the St. John's office of Hanson Bros. When the bundle was opened there the bonds were missing.

General News.

Sportsmen who go out duck shooting between now and the 1st of October, should not be tempted to try their skill on the prairie chickens, as the authorities intend to keep vigilant eyes on game bags, and if any evidences of guilt are found the law will be vigorously enforced.

A number of cases of typhoid fever are reported from Dauphin. The prevalence of the disease is attributed to the condition of the water.

There is no trading on the grain exchange. The price of Dakota and Minnesota new wheat is steadily going down. Old wheat at Fort William is worth 80c; new wheat is being purchased for September delivery, but only in small quantities, on a basis of 65 to 67 at Fort William.

Copenhagen, Aug. 30.—The British cruiser Cleopatra, belonging to the training squadron, has arrived here with the crew of the Norwegian schooner Livelig, which she reports having sunk in collision near Haven Island. The Cleopatra put eighteen blue jackets on board the schooner, in an effort to save that vessel; but she foundered so suddenly that six of the blue jackets were drowned.

Amsterdam, Aug. 31.—Solemn thanksgiving services were held here today in all churches throughout Holland, upon the occasion of Queen Wilhelmina attaining her majority.

CATTLE SEIZURE.

Over Nine Hundred Head of Manitoba Cattle Seized for Undervaluation.

St. Paul, Aug. 30.—The United States district attorney for South Dakota has seized 941 head of cattle, the property of E. H. Hineman of McPherson county. These cattle were purchased in Manitoba and entered this country through the port of Pembina. The valuation placed on them by Hineman was much less than the government thought they were worth and a new appraisement was ordered. The new appraisement raised the valuation of the stock \$10,955. An attaché of the marshal's office left yesterday for McPherson county, where the cattle are held by the government to serve the papers in a suit brought by the government for the forfeiture of the cattle.

New Cable Scheme.

New York, Sept. 1.—At a meeting of the directors of the Pacific Cable company, held today at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., plans were considered for establishing cable communication with the Philippines, the Asiatic coast, Japan and Australasia via Hawaii. Surveys for a duplicate cable via Sitka and the Allutian Islands were ordered.

King Malitua Dead.

Auckland, N.Z., Aug. 30.—Malitua Lacupepa, King of Samoa, died on Monday, August 22, of typhoid fever.

Marine Disaster.

Copenhagen, Aug. 30.—The British cruiser Cleopatra, belonging to the training squadron, has arrived here with the crew of the Norwegian schooner Livelig, which she reports having sunk in collision near Haven Island. The Cleopatra put eighteen blue jackets on board the schooner, in an effort to save that vessel; but she foundered so suddenly that six of the blue jackets were drowned.

Another Rich Strike.

Victoria, Aug. 31.—News has just arrived here from Wrangell by the steamer Horsa, of a rich strike on the Hootalingna. D. D. Lawney has found gold, going \$25 to \$40 a day a man, and a big stampede has commenced. R. Hall, manager of the Hudson's Bay company, who was interviewed at Wrangell, confirms fully the reported strike, and his company are rushing supplies in for the crowds. Indications are that another Klondike rush is probable.

WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

The Happenings of the World in a Condensed Form.

Tuesday, Sept. 2.

The Afridis are again showing restlessness.

Mrs. Gladstone's estate is valued at \$59,506.

Big wheat yields are reported from Miami district.

Wheat is quoted at 51 cents at provincial points.

The New York celluloid works, Jersey City, were burned.

A prospector was murdered by Indians on the Yukon river.

Twelve deaths from heat occurred in New York on Monday.

Party lines are to be adopted in British Columbia politics.

Queen Wilhelmina was enthusiastically received at Amsterdam.

Vancouver is to be fortified and garrisoned by imperial troops.

A short cut of \$6,000 is reported in the funds of Crookston, Minn.

Fifteen persons were killed in a railway collision at Cohoes, N. Y.

General business and mining is reported brisk in British Columbia.

The mutilated body of John Doherty was found at Niagara Falls, Ont.

The Methodist conference decided to raise \$1,000,000 to pay the church's debts.

Southern cities are quarantined against New Orleans on account of yellow fever.

Madame Dreyfus has appealed to the minister of justice for a revision of her husband's case.

Commissioners to investigate the Newfoundland French shore difficulty sailed from England.

The Khalifa escaped from the British and Egyptian cavalry, who followed him for thirty miles.

Monday, September 3.

The Queen of Denmark is seriously ill. Intense heat continues at Toronto.

General Pando arrived at New York. Germany favors the czar's peace proposal.

The C. W. A. meet opens today at Exhibition park.

L. A. Becker, of Hamilton, was asphyxiated in a wall.

The new convent at St. Boniface was blessed on Sunday.

Esquimaux report seeing a strange man, possibly Andre.

Striking printers at Brandon propose starting a daily paper.

M. Cavallone has resigned on account of the Dreyfus affair.

The deaths at Camp Wokoff is increasing, owing to heat.

Three men were killed in an accident in the Crow's Nest Pass railway.

Hon. C. Sifton and Mr. Sutherland, M. P., will make a tour of the west.

Heavy storms visited several provincial points, delaying harvesting.

Ex-Chief Code is mentioned as chief of the Kat Portage fire brigade.

Four men were killed by the blowing of a storm at Camp Wokoff.

A British West Indian congress assembled at Bridgetown, Barbadoes, to consider the sugar question.

Omdurman was captured by General Kitchener on Friday a few days' fighting. British loss about 200.

Saturday, Sept. 3.

Hon. Thomas P. Bayard is seriously ill.

A revision of the Dreyfus case has been ordered.

Warren Metcalfe, of Kingston, is seriously ill.

The temperature was 98 at Toronto on Friday.

Seventy-five per cent. of Manitoba wheat is out.

Sir Charles Tupper will sail for England on Sept. 22nd.

Several deaths from extreme heat occurred in New York.

Regulations for the government of Yukon have been issued.

Medicine Hat and Weyburn are being incorporated as towns.

British Columbia Conservatives have organized a provincial union.

Great Britain has expressed sympathy with the czar's peace proposal.

Philippine insurgents have captured two islands from the Spaniards.

It is reported that Great Britain and Germany have formed an alliance.

The Quebec cotton companies have amalgamated under one management.

A thousand bushels per day of new wheat is being received at Rosenfeld.

Hon. J. L. Tarte denies charges against M. Meier, proprietor of the Anticosti.

A proposal to appoint a judicial committee was discussed in the Methodist conference.

Courses in musketry instruction for the militia will be held in May, July and September.

The inter-state commerce commission has decided against the C. P. R. in the matter of differentials.

Tenders are called for a weekly summer and winter mail service between Canada and Great Britain.

Russia will convene a peace conference when peace has been concluded between Spain and United States.

Friday, Sept. 2.

Labrador fisheries are a failure.

Private Fleming, Brandon, will be on the Bisley team.

Six U. S. engineers were drowned at Tybee Island, Ga.

The Methodist general conference is in session in Toronto.

Russia will respect Britain's spheres of influence in China.

Fire destroyed \$750,000 worth of property at Bristol, Eng.

Wm. Campbell, Conservative, was elected for Quebec, P. E. I.

Winnipeg's new abattoir was formally opened on Thursday.

La Minerve, the Montreal French Conservative paper, is revived.

U. S. lake shippers are agitating for the free use of Canadian canals.

Alderman Gowanlock, of Toronto, is unelected for lack of qualification.

British Columbia prohibitionists have organized for the plebiscite campaign.

Provincial Conservatives are holding a convention in Vancouver. B. C. Lord and Lady Aberdeen will give a series of entertainments at Quebec.

Fire destroyed Bertram's ship-building plant at Toronto; loss \$250,000.

Customs receipts for August show an increase of \$372,829 over August, 1897.

The British cavalry and gunboats engaged and defeated the Dervishes at Kerreri.

Attorney General Eberts, of British Columbia, is suing the Victoria Times for libel.

The Archbishop of Rupert's Land protests against the proposed location of Manitoba university.

Hon. Jos. Chamberlain will confer with Canadian cabinet ministers on international questions.

The Dominion government will de-

mand indemnity for the Meagher outrage, at Port Lambton.

The Chicago Limited Express train was wrecked by trains near Fulton, N. Y., and three men killed.

Thursday, September 1.

The Welsh coal miners' strike is settled.

There were 264 deaths in Toronto during August.

It was 59 in the shade at Toronto on Wednesday.

The constable vote case will be argued on Sept. 7th.

The corner stone of Gladstone school was laid on Wednesday.

Manitoba's team made excellent scores at the D. R. A. matches.

The Khalifa has laid torpedoes in the Nile near Omdurman.

Inshore fisheries were under discussion at the Quebec conference.

Queen Wilhelmina, of Holland, attained her majority on Wednesday.

The advisory board have made some important changes in the regulations.

Major Walsh is in the city, and speaks enthusiastically of Yukon gold fields.

British Columbia sealers will urge an indemnity if pelagic sealing is abolished.

A battle is thought to be in progress between the Anglo-Egyptian army and Dervishes.

Several fast bicycle riders are in training at Exhibition park for the C. W. A. meet.

A bye-election for the commons was held in Queen's P. E. I. yesterday. Returns not in.

A critical state of affairs is reported at Panama, Ill., the scene of the coal miners' strike.

It-Col. Henry, one of the chief accusers of Captain Dreyfus, arrested for forgery, committed suicide.

A new fort is to be built at Halifax. Supreme officers, K. O. P., are exonerated from charges of wrong-doing.

Wednesday, August 31.

The city schools will open tomorrow.

A serious rebellion has broken out in China.

Hon. Wm. Mulock has returned to Ottawa.

The U. S. Supreme court elected officers at Toronto.

Five hundred farmers left Toronto for Winnipeg.

Manitoba college summer session closed on Tuesday.

Manitoba rifleman won prizes at the D. R. A. matches.

The lake steamer Superior was wrecked near Belle Isle.

The Toronto exhibition was opened by Sir Oliver Mowat.

Reports of starvation in the Stikine country are denied.

A new mail route from Canada to Avonmouth is proposed.

City bicyclists are in active training for the Dominion meet.

A young Frenchman is walking from New York to Dawson on a wager.

Germany looks with favor on the czar's peace proposal, but France rejects it.

Fifteen thousand dollars in bonds of Outremont, near Montreal, were stolen.

Lightning McCarthy was nominated as independent candidate for North Simcoe.

The international cricket match at Philadelphia was won by the U. S. eleven.

The Elder-Dempster S. S. line offers to carry Canadian mails to Bristol, England, free.

Over nine hundred head of Manitoba cattle were seized in Dakota for undervaluation.

Wortley's brigade of the Sudan expedition engaged with the Dervishes, capturing 1500 head of cattle.

A Chinese statesman complains that Britain's offer of assistance against Russia came too late.

Winnipeg Board of Trade advise the establishment of a quarantine between the U. S. and Lake Superior.

The Victoria O-Union urges the appointment of a royal commission to investigate Mr. Turner's dismissal.

HON. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN

Is Said to Have a Special Mission in Visiting America.

London, Sept. 1.—Montreal Star cable.—Although the Right Hon. Mr. Chamberlain has taken especial pains that the public should understand that his visit to America is entirely of a private and family character, it is expected that he will during his stay with his wife's family, invite one or more of the Canadian ministers to visit him to discuss outstanding questions.

Hon. Mr. Chamberlain shows the keenest possible anxiety for the success of the Quebec conference, believing that complete amity between Canada and the United States is the best stepping stone to Anglo-American co-operation in China and elsewhere.

The Elder-Dempster company discuss today their proposal to carry mail free of cost, between Canada and Avonmouth, which proposal the Canadian government declined. They adversely criticize the fast mail project and say that Canada's interest would be far better served by a cheap immigration service by steamers already in trade. In time Canada could work the requirements of a fast mail service, but the most immediate need is a cheap outlet for products of the country and the fullest inducement possible to European immigration.

CHIPS FROM THE YUKON.

A mineral spring has been discovered on Swede Creek.

One of the papers reports that fully one million dollars has been invested in new buildings at Dawson since January 1st, 1898.

Licensed and legally equipped medical practitioners have formed an association, to be known as the Yukon Medical association, for the purpose of protection and mutual benefit, and to protect the good name of the profession against illegal practice or quack physicians.

One hundred and seventy sheep died en route to Dawson, from eating a poisonous herb at Caribon Crossing.

Dr. McDonald, lately from Scotland, delivered a lecture on Robert Burns to which the tickets of admission were \$5 each, and there was a good sized audience.

The Midnight Sun is the brightest of the papers published at the Yukon capital. It announces that it will be published weekly, "four pages, seven columns; the local news, best advertising medium, etc."

The first boat to reach Dawson from the mouth of the Yukon tied up at the wharf on 21st July, the trip from St. Michaels up occupying twenty-one days.

IMPERIAL MILLIONS.

By Julian Hawthorne.

CHAPTER XVII. DRIVING A BARGAIN.

Within an hour from the time when Olympia Raven and the Count de Lisle should have been made man and wife all the detective skill available in New York was engaged in searching for the bride. Not only that, but men were stationed at every possible point of exit from the city; telegrams were sent to every village, town, and city within a thousand miles; every steamer, vessel, and vehicle leaving or about to leave New York was searched. In the course of a day or two thousands of photographs of the missing girl were distributed in all directions over the country, and were posted up at every street corner, in every church, in every place of amusement in the city. Accompanying them was an offer of reward that has probably never been paralleled in the history of the world: One million dollars cash for information that would lead to the recovery of Olympia Raven, or of her body if she were dead, and ten million dollars to any one who would bring her to her friends, uninjured in health and limb. Meanwhile the papers devoted columns to the discussion of the matter; it was talked of in every household in the United States; long cablegrams on the subject were sent to Europe, and it is not too much to say that by the end of a week nearly every inhabitant of the civilized world had heard the name of Olympia Raven and knew something of her history.

It seems impossible that all this should fail to bring some news of her; and quite as much if she were dead as if she were alive. How could a person—and a girl of striking beauty at that—vanish so utterly and suddenly that not one of the millions of her fellow creatures, their senses sharpened and their cupidry aroused by the promise of wealth to a fabulous amount, should be able to give a single scrap of information concerning her? Had no one seen her pass? Had no one received her where she was gone? If no longer in this life, did earth and water so effectually conceal her remains that no eye could be drawn to the spot? If she had been foully dealt with, was there no accomplice whose greed would tempt him to open his lips? Be that as it might, no syllable of news was received. If Olympia had gone out of existence like a flame of a candle, she could not have left less trace behind her. The whole world had been asked where she was, and, cudgeled its brains as it would, it had been able to frame no reply.

Early in the proceedings Tom Banick had followed up his notion as to Garcia, and his investigations had ended in discovering the man in Philadelphia. When found he was in a drunken stupor, and the proprietor of the hotel at which he was staying said that he had been there since the night of April 30—twelve hours before Olympia disappeared. On coming to his proper senses Garcia had little to say for himself. He intimated that drink had been his demon from the

beginning, and that an occasional spree he must have. When questioned as to Olympia he merely shook his head and remarked that he was sorry for the count. "Tell him," he added, "that he will never see me again; I have lived a decent life longer than I ever did before, and I am tired of it. I shall relapse into the tramp I was when he found me. I followed him up to the altar; now I shall follow my own nose to the devil, and that will be my address!" Saying which, this enigmatical personage turned over in his bed and went to sleep. Meanwhile it had not escaped the count that if Sallie Matchin had wished to avenge herself upon him in the most effective manner conceivable, she could not have hit upon a method so effective as this. No doubt she would willingly have spirited Olympia away had she been able to do so, but it was impossible to imagine how she could find the means. Investigation showed that no person had been admitted to the house during the period between ten and eleven o'clock on the first of May. Olympia must therefore have gone forth of her own volition. Nor was it credible that a girl posing her head and shoulders in the church, she could have been waylaid upon the way thither. The distance was but a quarter of a mile, the sun was shining, the avenue was full of people. No, the idea was not to be entertained, and yet it was just as difficult to suppose that the girl had hidden herself away. Only downright insanity could account for her doing such a thing, and even assuming that she done it, some one must be aware of the fact, and the reward that had been offered would long since have led her by her braving back.

He was obliged, consequently, to acquit Sallie of having had any hand in the disappearance, and where else to look he knew not. But on Saturday, the ninth day after the calamity, he received a letter from Sallie herself, which he read with a mixture of hope and fear that almost broke his heart.

"Dear sir," it ran, "I have, of course, heard of your loss, and I can say, without fear of your misunderstanding me, that it interested me. Let me also remark at the outset that the rewards you offer would not be acceptable to me, even were I to become entitled to them. But, as you may easily imagine, has not been entirely at ease; and if I were able to forward your efforts in this affair I should feel justified in hoping that any hostile designs you may have against me would undergo

some modification. It is for this reason that I address you. I do not wish to exaggerate the value of the information I possess—it may lead to nothing. But, at any rate, I believe I have come into possession of something that may turn out a clue; and if you will call at my house alone at noon tomorrow I will tell you what it is. I must stipulate, however, that you show this letter to no one, nor intimate that you have received it, for I will not run the risk of being forestalled or interfered with in the matter. You can, of course, disregard this letter if you choose, or you can attempt to draw my secret from me by force; but if you know me well you will do neither of these things, but accept my invitation under the conditions that I have imposed."

"There might, no doubt, be personal danger to the count in going to this rendezvous. Sallie Matchin and he were on terms of deadly enmity, and nothing would suit her better than to have him out of the way. Going alone to her house he might easily fall into a fatal ambush; for, perilous though it would be to commit violence upon a man of his social prominence, Sallie was a desperate woman and was capable of anything. If he hesitated, however, it was by no means on account of any considerations as to his own safety. If he had known that he were going to certain death he would still have been prompt to the hour, provided only that he was assured that Olympia had been placed in safety. But this was very far from certain. The 'clue' might be merely a bait to draw him to destruction; and his destruction, so far from benefiting Olympia, might remove the only chance remaining to her to escape. And since no one was to know on what errand he had gone, the chances were against his fate being discovered. Nevertheless, after weighing all considerations, as resolved to

QU'APPELLE PROGRESS.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

A RICH HAUL.

Robbers Secure \$6,000 From the Pacific Express Company at Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 1.—Robbers secured \$6,000 in cash from the Pacific Express company of this city yesterday. The money was consigned by the First National Bank, of Omaha, to the Citizens National Bank, of St. Paul, Minn. It was placed in the small iron safe of the delivery wagon of the express company and placed in the custody of George Archibald, the driver, who turned towards the depot. En route Archibald stopped at several houses for other packages, and drove down an alley and went in for a package of jewelry at the shipping door of a jewelry house. When he came out of the door the safe was standing open and but one package was removed. This was the one containing the \$6,000 in bills. The driver reported the matter and was arrested.

A DREADED DISEASE.

More People Are Tortured by the Pangs of Rheumatism Than Any Other Cause—There is a Cure For It.

From the Advertiser, Hartland, N.B.

Mr. Richard Dixon, of Lower Brighton, is one of the most prosperous and best known farmers of Carleton county, N.B. In June, 1897, Mr. Dixon was seized with an attack of rheumatism, and for six weeks lay abed suffering all the tortures of this terrible disease. He grew so weak that he was unable to turn in bed, and his friends almost despaired of his recovery. At this stage one of his friends, who had been cured of the same disease by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, urged Mr. Dixon to give them a trial, which advice was followed. Almost from the day Mr. Dixon began the use of the pills an improvement was noted. Previously his appetite had almost completely failed and the first sign of returning health was a frequent feeling of hunger. Then the pains began to leave him, and his strength gradually returned and after using about a dozen boxes Mr. Dixon was as well as ever he had been. To a reporter of the Hartland Advertiser, Mr. Dixon said he had no doubt his present health was due entirely to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and since his recovery he occasionally uses a box to ward off a possible recurrence of the trouble.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by making new blood and invigorating the nerves, but you must get the genuine, always put up in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Do not be persuaded to take any of the numerous pink colored imitations which some unscrupulous dealers say are "just the same." In case of doubt send direct to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50.

TRAMPS' FATAL WORK.

Three Train Hands Killed and Ten Passengers Wounded in Railroad Wreck.

Fulton, N.Y., Sept. 1.—Train No. 5 on the New York, Ontario and Western railroad, known as "The Chicago Limited," was wrecked at Ingalls' Crossing, four miles south of this village at a o'clock this morning. The wreck was doubtless due to the work of tramps, who threw open the switch on which the train was wrecked. Engineer Dowd and his fireman, Hall, both jumped, and were found under the wreckage of the tender by the passengers from the sleeper. Both were alive at the time but Dowd died in a few minutes and Hall succumbed to his injuries at 8 o'clock. The body of Brake-man Osborne was torn in two. Ten passengers were severely wounded.

Increase in Wages.

Cardiff, Wales, Aug. 31.—The delegates of the Welsh miners met today and formally ratified, by a majority of 24,000, the acceptance of the employers' terms, which they decided to agree to at a joint meeting in London on Monday last. The terms include an increase of five per cent in their wages.

A POPULAR HOME WORK.

Successful Only when Diamond Dyes Are Used.

In thousands of happy and thrifty homes in the Dominion and in the colonies of Newfoundland the work of rug and mat making is becoming very popular. Homemade rugs and mats are more highly esteemed just now than imported goods. This is not surprising when we remember the fact that the home articles are the best wearing and prettiest.

The Diamond Dyes have given a great impetus to the work of making homemade rugs and mats. In former times the troublesome part of the work was the dyeing. With the old fashioned and poorly prepared dyes the dyeing operation was long and unsatisfactory. The introduction of the Diamond Dyes with their special colors for wool, and for cotton and mixed goods, has been a boon to womankind. Old and faded rugs and mats for mats and rugs can now be dyed any beautiful and brilliant shade with the Diamond Dyes—shades that are perfectly fast to sun and soap.

If you wish to be at all times successful in dyeing for rug and mat making, we here utter a warning note against the use of adulterated package and soap dyes that only produce muddy and streaky colors that cannot possibly stand an ordinary washing. Ask for the Diamond Dyes, use them as per directions, and your success is sure.

THE CZAR'S MESSAGE.

GERMAN SENTIMENT FAVOR'S THE PEACE PROPOSITION.

Emperor William and the Czar Have for Years Desired Partial Disarmament.

Berlin, Sept. 3.—The astounding disarmament proposal of the czar has overshadowed everything this week. The members of the government, the newspapers and the public have alike exhibited the liveliest interest in the matter. There is no doubt the German government views the project with favor. "Sincerely and with no ulterior motives," as an official of the foreign office said to the correspondent here, and that Germany will make strenuous efforts to bring about, firstly, the conference itself and then a realization of its object, at least, so far as it is possible. While it is not literally true, as France suspects, that Emperor William is responsible for the czar's proclamation, nevertheless it is a fact that ever since the czar's accession to the throne, the German emperor has repeatedly discussed partial disarmament with him and during the last year, Prince Hohenzollern, the imperial chancellor, and Count Mouravieff, the Russian minister for foreign affairs have exchanged views on the same topic. But it cannot be said that the government is very hopeful of the czar's ideas prevailing, and the officials of the foreign office fully realize that there are enormous and apparently insurmountable difficulties in the way. Baron Von Buelow, the minister of foreign affairs, invited foreign diplomats to the foreign office for the purpose of getting their views and imparting the ideas of the German government. But owing to the fact that a number of the members of the diplomatic corps were enjoying their holidays, the meeting was sparsely attended. The British, Russian, Austrian and Italian ambassadors came to town specially to attend, but the Spanish ambassador did not take any part in the meeting. A representative of the French ambassador, was present.

The correspondent of the Associated Press learns that the dreadnought powers heartily favored the czar's proposal, and that Great Britain signified her sympathy with the suggestion made from St. Petersburg. All these powers are ready to participate in the proposed conference on the understanding that the actual status of each of the powers' political entity should not be discussed. The representative of France contented himself with listening editorially by saying if the late Prince in regard to his government's views. The German foreign office believes that while France will shortly adopt a more conciliatory attitude her admission to the resolution which the conference may adopt is very doubtful. A member of the Russian embassy tells the correspondent of the Associated Press that the czar has been planning a partial disarmament for years and that he was upon the point of issuing a proclamation twelve months ago, "When," the official added, "at his request, we sent him all the recent German publications touching upon universal peace and disarmament." Continuing, the officer remarked, "All who are acquainted with the real purpose and objects of the czar are convinced that he aims to the preservation of peace. In regard to the power with which Russia has the closest political ties let us wait and see whether the proposed conference will not also be acceptable to it." The press and public opinion on the subject vary. The inspired and Radical press hail the disarmament proposition with joy, and the Agrarian, military and a portion of the Conservative press look askance and question the sincerity of the czar. The Vorwarts flatly dub the proposal of Russia as a "trick" and the Hamburger Nachrichten, which profess to be impartial and did not enlighten the others. Bismarck were alive the subjoined would be his views, expresses the opinion that the Russian proposal was only made with intent of reminding the world of it later, "when war will have broken."

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—50c to 52c.
Flour—Patent, \$2.15; strong bakers, \$1.95; second bakers, \$1.50, XXXX, per sack of 48 lbs, \$1.15.
Millfeed—Bran, \$1.1, and shorts \$1.5 per ton in bulk; large lots, 50c per ton less.
Ground Feed—Quoted at \$2.25 to \$2.29 per ton as to quality for oats. Ground corn is out of the market.
Corn—Nominal. There is none in the market.
Oats—37c to 38c per bushel of 34 lbs on track here.
Barley—Nominal. None offered.
Butter—Creamery—Firm; 18c to 18½c.
Dairy—13c for choice lots in the country.
Cheese—Ontario, 8½c; Manitoba, 9c to 10c per lb.
Eggs—Firm; Candle stock is selling at 14½ to 14¾, and dealers are paying 13c here for receipts.
Dressed Meats—Beef, 5 to 5½c; mutton, 7c to 8c; lamb, 9c to 10c; hogs, 6½c to 7c for country dressed, and 7c to 7½c for city dressed; veal, 7c to 8c.
Poultry—Live fowls, per pair, 50c to 60c; spring chickens, 25c to 50c per pair; turkeys, 10c to 11c per lb live weight; ducks, 95 to 70c per pair; geese, no demand.
Game—Wild ducks are now in season. Mallards, 25 to 30c per pair; canvas back, 35 to 40c, and small varieties 15 to 20c per pair.
Vegetables—Potatoes, 30c to 40c per bushel; cabbage, 25c to 40c per dozen; cauliflower, 40c to 70c per dozen; Green stuff is offered at 10c to 12½c per dozen bunches; celery, 20 to 25c per dozen; green peas, in pod, 2c per lb; beans, 2c per pound; cucumbers, 10c per dozen; corn, sweet, 8c to 10c per dozen ears; native corn, 5 to 6c; onions, \$1 per bushel; green tomatoes, 75c per bushel.
Fruits—Blueberries are offering at 40c to 70c per pail. Cranberries, 25c per pail.
Hides—No. 1, 7½c; No. 2, 6½c; kip, 9½c to 7½c; calf, 8c to 10c; sheepskins, 20c to 30c; horse hides, 75c to \$1.75 each; colts, 25c each.
Wool—Good to choice unwashed Manitoba fleece, 9c to 9½c.

FOR THE AGED.

Paine's Celery Compound gives the Needed Stimulus to Good Digestion and assimilation, and keeps the blood pure.

Nature's medicine brings health and happiness to those in advanced years.

King David, the sweet singer of Israel says: "The days of our years are three score years and ten; and if by reason of strength they be four score years, yet is their strength labor and sorrow."

The physical troubles and burdens of old people are many. Disordered nerves, constipation, flatulence; drowsiness, indigestion, palpitation and impoverished blood seem to make them grow weaker from day to day.

Paine's Celery Compound is a precious and invaluable medicine for old people. It is nature's true nerve, tissue and flesh builder; it keeps the blood pure and fresh from day to day, regulates the organs of digestion, and keeps the appetite natural and healthy. No other medicine in the world so quickly recruits the strength and waning energies of men and women advanced in years. Paine's Celery Compound has added many long years to the lives of old people in the past, and today thousands sing the praises of the wonderful medicine, because it has bestowed peace and comfort and kept them free from the infirmities of old age.

Tallow—No. 1, 3½c, No. 2, 2½c to 3c.
Senece Root—Firm at 17c to 18c per pound.

Hay—Prairie, new, \$1.50 to \$5; baled, \$5 per ton.

Cattle—Butcher's cattle are 2½c to 3c. Export cattle quoted at 3c to 3½c. Winnipeg weight, buyer paying local freight. Some stockers are going west to the ranges and also to the States.

Sheep—Easy at 3 to 3½c off cars here. Hogs—Steady at 5c for most desirable. Choice bacon hogs, weighing 150 to 250 lbs, 5c per lb; 250 to 300 lbs, \$1.25 to \$1.75; heavy hogs, over 300 lbs, \$3 to \$4, as to quality, live weight.

Horses—From the ranges of Alberta have met with a ready sale at prices ranging from \$15 to \$20 a team, according to weight and breeding, and some extra good animals have brought \$125 apiece.

Russia Gives Assurance of Respect.

London, Sept. 1.—The correspondent of the Standard at Constantinople says: "M.B. Kroupensky, of the Russian embassy here, will succeed M. Pavloff, the retiring Russian charge d'affaires at Peking. Russia, it is said, has given satisfactory assurances that she will respect the British sphere in China."

It is also asserted that the British admiral had orders to seize the remaining Chinese ships and customs houses in the event of the Tsung li Yamen refusing to comply with British demands.

Interruption of News from the Soudan.

London, Sept. 1.—There has been a sudden interruption of news from the Soudan. It is supposed that a battle is in progress between the Anglo-Egyptian force, under General Sir Herbert Kitchener, the Sirdar, and dervishes, under the Khalifa, north of Omdurman, the Khalifa's capital.

Anarchy at Manila.

London, Aug. 30.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Manila, dated Aug. 27, says: "All the outskirts of Manila are in a state of complete anarchy. The insurgents are hunting and pillaging the Spaniards while the natives in general are sacking villages, robbing vehicles and stealing horses."

WEAK, NERVOUS WOMEN

Suffering from palpitation of the heart, dizzy or faint spells, watery blood, etc., can be readily cured.

A Manitoba Lady Tells About Her Case.

There is no need whatever for so many women to be the subject of faint spells, heart and nerve weakness, anemia, or any of those health destroying ailments peculiar to her sex. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills regulate the heart beat and make it strong and full, tone the nerves, enrich the blood, and relieve the pain and weakness from which so many women suffer.



Mrs. Alexander Setter, of Pigeon Bluff, Man., writes as account of her case as follows: "I have great pleasure in giving my experience of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. For about ten years I was troubled with throbbing and fluttering of the heart. I tried five doctors and several remedies but none of them did me much good. Lately I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and bought two boxes. Before I started using them I could not do my house work and gave myself up to die, as I thought I would never be cured. Now I feel really splendid since taking the pills, do my work, enjoy my meals and feel as if there was something in life worth living for."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, sold by all druggists at 50c a box or 3 boxes for \$1.25. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Large-Liver Pills cure Biliousness, Sick Headaches, Constipation and Dyspepsia. Every Pill Perfect. Price 25c.

Travellers

Should always carry with them a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

The change of food and water to which those who travel are subject, often produces an attack of Diarrhoea, which is as unpleasant and discomforting as it may be dangerous. A bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in your grip is a guarantee of safety. On the first indication of Cramps, Colic, Diarrhoea or Dysentery, a few doses will promptly check further advance of these diseases.

It is an old, reliable remedy, with over forty years of cure to its credit, whose merit is recognized everywhere and one that the doctors recommend in preference to all others.

Sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 35c. a bottle. Always insist on the genuine, as many of the imitations are highly dangerous.



MUSKETRY COURSES.

Regulations for the Active Militia—Army Reserve Men in Canada.

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—Musketty courses for all arms of the active militia, including instruction in machine guns, will be held at the depots of the Royal Regiment of Canadian Infantry. There will be three courses of three weeks duration, commencing respectively on the second Monday in May, July and September.

Under provision of an army order issued this year, army reserve men residing in Canada, if they come under regulations entitling them to rejoin the colors, will be posted to the imperial regiment for time being at Halifax. They must apply to the officer commanding the imperial regiment. The D. O. C. will make arrangements for transport of men to Halifax or to their homes, if rejected.

Germany and France.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—The Berliner Post in a seemingly inspired article this morning with reference to the French reception of the disarmament proclamation of Emperor Nicholas says: "Germany must remain armed and on guard until France is willing to convert her weapons into plough shares."

A French Compliment.

Paris, Sept. 1.—The Temps, eulogizing General Sir Herbert Kitchener, says: "A march so scientifically planned may be likened to the solution of a mathematical equation."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Less "fragrant" "delicious" "perfect" and "best" are now plentiful as gold mines—but people only smile and say "Give us Blue Ribbon!"

A FEW THINGS

That should be found in every well regulated household:

DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale. Extra Porter. Canadian Pilsener Lager. (A fine light beer.) Golden Key Brand Aerated Water. Imperial Table Sauce. Choice Table India Chutney. Relishes.

E. L. DREWRY,

Manufacturer & Importer, WINNIPEG.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD WITH US.

Drop a postcard with your name and address for Sample Packet.

THE MONSOON TEA CO., 7 Wellington W., Toronto.

MONSOON
INDO-CYLON TEA

BABY'S
OWN
SOAP

There are Many imitations, They all lack the remarkable qualities of the genuine.



BOVRIL LIMITED

MANUFACTURERS OF

BOVRIL In Tins and Bottles

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,

Dessicated and Dried Potatoes and other Vegetables.

SOUP NODULES

And other preparations of condensed food specially suited for prospectors, surveyors and explorers, and for.

KLONDIKE OUTFITS

London, and 27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.

Man Drowning in the River without hope, was saved by a bar of

..Richards' Pure Soap..

IT'S THE BEST.

—IT WASHED HIM ASHORE.

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W. N. U. 183



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WINNIPEG, MAN.

LOCAL NEWS.

How is the band coming along?

Colds are all the fashion now. Are you in it?

Mr. Doolittle is recovering from his severe cold.

J. Mitchell of Indian Head was in town yesterday.

Mr. T. Jones and his cousin returned from the Fort last Saturday evening.

S. Collins and Miss Lizzie Buchart have secured positions in the felt factory.

Mr. H. Bray has removed his veranda from the front of his butcher shop.

The new elevator is nearly completed and is ready for receiving grain at any time.

W. J. Gould left town on Tuesday morning. He will stop at Regina and other points on his way to the coast.

The Misses Scott's and Beveridge visited Kate we one day last week and spent a pleasant time on the lake.

Next Sabbath Rev. J. G. McKee and Rev. S. W. Thomson will exchange pulpits at both services.

Union temperance prayer-meetings have been arranged amongst the churches, in the interests of prohibition.

Mr. Henderson, agent of the Toronto Hyde and wool Company, was in town this week on business. He secured a large quantity of hydes etc. from D. Brown.

Mr. J. Leader, of Fort Qu'Appelle, made his weekly visit to town on Wednesday. He claims to have raised some garden stuff this year which can't be beaten in the Territories.

McCormick and Massey Harris hints have both been sold out of town, and orders have been sent in the last day or two, that could not be filled immediately. But there's plenty more can be got.

There are three elevators in town. One of them is run by horse power, another by steam and the third by a gasoline engine. Qu'Appelle matches along with the times. The new gasoline engine is now in use in the felt factory.

Every Sabbath evening from now till the plebiscite vote comes off union temperance mass meetings will be held at the close of the regular evening services, in the Methodist church, as it will seat the largest number. Short addresses and singing will be given. All are invited.

Mrs. Young and Miss McKay, of Winnipeg, have been spending a short time visiting with Mrs. Brydon. They are returning from Barff hot springs, where they have been spending the holidays. Miss McKay has returned to Winnipeg but Mrs. Young will remain a few days longer.

E. P. Powe and Miss Susie Evans left for Moosomin on Tuesday evening. After a few days visit with Miss Evans' parents, they will proceed to the coast, where a very happy event is expected to take place. Mr. Powe has secured a position in his brother's carriage-factory, in B. C.

The attraction of the evening was Miss Lillie Kleiser who sustained the high impression she formed in the minds of Kingstonians on the occasion of her first appearance. Her voice is one of peculiar charming sweetness that will always be retained in the memory of her audience.—Kingston Whig.

A much higher tariff of freight rates has come into force on the C.P.R. By their contract with the Dominion government regarding the Crow's nest railway they agreed to lower freight rates for wheat. No doubt the increased rates on other merchandise compensates for the loss on the wheat. It's hard to get ahead of the C.P.R.

J. H. Findlay's brother arrived on Friday last to take him to the Toronto hospital. Mr. Findlay, it will be remembered, was the young man hurt so seriously while playing polo the day of the Regina picnic. He has been going around as strong as ever, physically, but his mind is badly deranged. He will talk quite rationally most of the time, but he knows nothing of what has taken place a few moments ago nor has he any knowledge of the past. Mr. Findlay's numerous friends here hope that the treatment may prove successful. They left for the east on Sunday evening's express.

Mr. Tommy Jones is in Winnipeg.

Don't forget Miss Pauline Johnston's entertainment at the hall to-night.

Grain is being marketed at several points. Preparations are being made here.

Another large shipment of cattle was made from the Station on Thursday last.

J. Wilson came up from Wolseley on Thursday last, returning on Sunday evening's train.

The regular meeting of council was held last Monday. The minutes will appear in next week's issue.

Mr. D. Brown has secured the contract for supplying the C. P. R. gravel train, with meat for the season.

Everybody talks of going to hear Pauline Johnston to-night. She is Canada's greatest poetess and reciter. Those that want a good seat should go early.

When has so much rain fallen in the same length of time as has come down in torrents during the past three weeks?

A ditch is being made on the road in front of Mrs. Brydon's. This will drain what has been a standing place for water.

Miss E. Pauline Johnston's recitals to-night, will be of her own composition. They possess depth of feeling, purity of thought and power of expression.

The "Chariot Race" from Ben Hur has been heard here several times, but Miss White fixes the standard for the proper rendering of this selection that is hard to come up to.

C. Podham is doing as well as can be expected, in the Winnipeg hospital. He has a complication of troubles, arising from gastric ulcer. It is a serious case, but it has been attended to at an early stage.

Miss Kleiser has a clear and sympathetic voice, and the rendering of the soprano air "These Are They Who Come Out of Great Tribulation," proved that she has genuine musical feeling and natural expressive power.—Toronto Mail.

The Winnipeg bicycle races on Monday drew a large crowd of people, from all parts. On Tuesday it rained all day, so the races were postponed till yesterday. The amateur quarter mile was won by G. Riddle and the mile professional by Angus McLeod, of Windsor.

The teachers of the Qu'Appelle school will issue monthly reports in rooms 2 and 3, and every second month in room 1. They will be sent to the parents for inspection. They will sign the attached coupon, separate it from the report and return it to the teacher. The report is to be filed by the parents.

Mr. P. Butcher, general agent for the North-West Life Insurance company, is in town in the interests of his company. Mr. Butcher considers this a good point, and the people a business people. They haven't got the "hang on," "don't know" way of doing business that characterizes Manitoba. Here they either want a thing or don't want it—there's no beating about the bush. That speaks well for Qu'Appelle.

E. H. Robinson has just completed his invention known as the "Clip" name holder. It is a simple device. The wonder is that somebody didn't invent it long ago, but it seems that it requires somebody to think about these simple things. Mr. Robinson has applied for a patent and we understand has taken a partner into the scheme. He has also received an order for 300 already. If it pans out well, Qu'Appelle ought at least to receive world-wide renown because of great men.

The excessive amount of wet weather the past few weeks has a depressing effect upon those living in houses with pool roofs and a destructive effect upon the furniture on the inside. It has been a testing time for many of the tin roofs in town. They have been weighed in the balance and found wanting. Amongst them is the Leland House. A new roof was to be put on—the material was here and the man was waiting, but he couldn't get at it for the rain, rain, rain. In the meantime the poor inmates were driven, night by night, from their downy nests by the showers—not of blessing, and uttering supplications—not exactly prayers. However, when the sun began to shine they laughed at their fears and boasted of the novelty, and now, sad to say, it's all over.

W. C. T. U. Column.

Law Enforcement.

A favorite argument of anti-prohibitionists is that laws against the liquor traffic are frequently poorly enforced. The liquor traffic is admittedly a law-defying institution. It seeks to evade every restriction imposed upon it. Its success depends upon its strength.

The more rigid the laws under which the liquor traffic chafes the weaker does the traffic become. Its most effective opposition is where law is most lax. The traffic is notorious for its antagonism to the restriction of license laws. In nearly every place where such laws exist, it is necessary to have special officers to secure their enforcement.

In the nature of things it must be easier to enforce prohibition than license. It is easier to put the liquor traffic down than to restrict it. It is easier to prevent than to regulate.

The childish argument that thorough prohibition would probably be ineffective because partial prohibition is sometimes not enforced, ought not to have any weight with any intelligent elector. The lawlessness of the liquor is a demonstration of the ineffectiveness of any legislation but that of total prohibition.

Voting on the Plebiscite takes place Sept. 29th, 1898.

Any male person who, not being an Indian, is a British subject of the full age of twenty-one years, and has resided in the Territories at least twelve months and in the Electoral District at least three months immediately preceding the election, shall be qualified to vote.

Correspondence.

Mother Shipton's Prophecies.

To the Editor of THE PROGRESS.

Re the article which appeared in THE PROGRESS last week, I do not know to what an extent "the prophecies of St. Columbkille" are believed by the Irish, but permit me to say that "Mother Shipton's Prophecies" are not "firmly believed in by the general English public." The matter is stated explicitly by Dr. Arthur T. Ransom in his book, "Many Infalible Proofs," page 44.—"The extreme difficulty of framing a prophecy which shall prove accurate may be seen in that familiar but crude rhyme known as 'Mother Shipton's Prophecy.' Some years ago it appeared as a pretended relic of a remote date, and claimed to have predicted the invention of steam as a motive power, diving suits, balloons, a three-fold revolution in France, the rise of D'Israeli, the Jew as a figure in English politics, the erection of a crystal palace, etc. After its first appearance it was almost forgotten. Years later it reappeared, with a few very slight changes in the rhyme, such as to be scarcely noticed, and yet so including recent events as to make this 'prophecy' seem most startling."

"My first clue to the forgery was the discovery that at least three separate and different versions had been put before the people. The changes or variations were slight and sly, adroitly accommodating the pretended prophecy to the new developments of current history, till at last the whole thing has been traced to Charles Hindly, who acknowledges himself the author of the book, which was written in 1862 instead of 1448 and palmed off on a credulous public!"

AN ENGLISHMAN.

To the Editor of THE PROGRESS.

Dear Sir—In your issue of the 1st inst., under the heading, "Broken Heart Bleatings," I notice the correspondent states J. L. Starr and F. R. Blakeney have dissolved partnership. As I know of no one of the former name but myself, I presume it has reference to me. I have never been in business with Mr. Blakeney and think it only right I should make the fact known, and would advise "Broken Heart" to be better informed before writing for publication.

I am sorry to learn there are numerous hearts aching here. I have not seen or heard of anything of them and think the correspondent must judge others by herself. Yours truly,

JOHN L. STARR.
Spencerville, Sept. 3 '98.

The first frost came this morning in full force. It would injure any standing wheat but the acreage will be small.

W. D. Cowan, dentist, will visit Qu'Appelle, Queen's Hotel, on Sept. 20th and 21st. Fort Qu'Appelle, Sept. 22nd, 23rd and 24th.

FOR SALE!

A car load of
+ WESTERN HORSES, +
Weighing from 1,250 to 1,500 lbs.

These horses will be sold
CHEAP FOR CASH
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TRADE FOR CATTLE.

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City of Rome	Ancor Line Oct. 8
From Montreal	
Laurentian	Alian Line Sep 15
Californian	Alian Line " 22
Numbian	Alian Line " 26
Paisian	Alian Line Oct 6
Griffin	Beaver Line Sep 15
Lake Ontario	Beaver Line " 24
Tongaro	Beaver Line " 21
Lake Huron	Beaver Line Oct 8
Vancouver	Dominion Line Sept 17
Yorkshire	Dominion Line " 24
Dominion	Dominion Line Oct 1
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